ATTACHMENT A

SCHEDULE OF DOCUMENTS - FOI 2106

Document No.	Date	Number of pages	Description	Decision on access ¹	Exemption
1	2014	10	Questionnaires on implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast Milk Substitutes - 2014	RI	s 22 (part)
2	2015	24	Questionnaires on implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast Milk Substitutes - 2015	RI	s 22 (part)
3	2017	54	Questionnaires on implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast Milk Substitutes - 2017	RI	s 22 (part)
4	2013	28	Questionnaires on implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast Milk Substitutes - 2013	RI	s 22 (part)

¹ RI = Release with irrelevant information removed.

International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes and subsequent WHA resolutions

Pursuant to Articles 11.6 and 11.7 of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes, adopted as an annex to WHA Resolution 34.22, and as reiterated in subsequent relevant WHA resolutions, Member States of the World Health Organization shall periodically report on the status of implementation of the Code.

As part of their bi-annual reporting requirements to the WHA, Member States have provided information on the status of implementation of Code in 2006, 2008 and 2010. Based on these responses and other information, WHO published in 2013 a status report on the progress countries have made in implementing the Code. Information on country progress has also been included in the WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA). GINA collects and maps information on nutrition policies and programmes - including the Code. It is a repository of lessons learnt in implementing nutrition related actions and serves as a platform for sharing of local solutions to challenges commonly faced by countries. To facilitate the current reporting, the information received from country reports and/or available in GINA has been inserted into the present survey questionnaires.

This survey concerns existing legislation or other appropriate measures in place as well as supporting activities including monitoring and enforcement of the legislation and capacity building activities. It consists of:

- General information and verification to be completed by all countries (present guestionnaire)
- Information on national legislation or other appropriate measures (questionnaire 1)
- Information on actions taken to monitor and enforce the Code (questionnaire 2)
- Information on capacity building activities related to the Code (questionnaire 3)

Country: Australia	<u> </u>	
Survey completed by:	Name: S22	
	Affiliation: Australian Government Department of Health	
	Email: \$22	
	Date: 9 September 2014	
	OF IF	
General questions for	all countries (1)	
1. Has the Government	enacted legislation or other appropriate measure to implement the Code?	
(1	es and year of publication of each legislative or other appropriate measure: Australia of Infant Formulas: Manufacturers and Importers Agreement - The MAIF /	
For each leaiste	ative or other appropriate measure listed, please complete Questionnaire 1.	
ror caerricgisit	tive of other appropriate measure lister, prease complete questionnume 1.	
☐ No. Please describ	e any plans to develop Code-related legislation in question 4 below.	

S	Z	_

2. Does the government monitor and enforce the implementation of the Code?
\square Yes. Please complete Questionnaire 2.
■ No. Please describe any plans to monitor and enforce Code-related legislation in question 4 below.
3. Has the government conducted any capacity building activities related to the Code?
\square Yes. Please complete Questionnaire 3.
■ No. Please describe any plans to conduct Code-related capacity building activities in question 4 below.
4. Please describe briefly any other actions or plans to regulate the marketing of breast-milk substitutes:
The MAIF Agreement is a voluntary, self-regulated code of conduct between manufacturers and importers of infant formula in Australia. A new complaints management process is being developed that will ensure complaints against the MAIF continue to be managed in a transparent and accountable way. The new complaints process is expected to be operational in November 2014. When the new arrangements are agreed details will be available on the Marketing in Australia of Infant Formulas website (www.health.gov.au/apmaif). Stakeholders, including the Australian Breastfeeding Association and interested members of the public, actively monitor infant formula marketing activities in Australia. The Australian Government has no plans to regulate the marketing of formula in Australia.
Verification and approval
Your answers are important for periodic reporting on the implementation of the Code.
Through agreement to share information on GINA, your answers may also be helpful for other country representatives involved in breastfeeding programme management, legislation formulation or monitoring.
Through agreement to share information on GINA, your answers may also be helpful for other country representatives involved in breastfeeding programme management, legislation formulation or monitoring.

Questionnaire 1: Legislative or other appropriate measures related to the Code

This questionnaire concerns legislative or other appropriate measures in place related to the Code. Legislation includes laws, regulations, decrees and implementing rules. Other appropriate measures include those of a voluntary nature, e.g. voluntary codes and guidelines.

If more than one legislative or other appropriate measure exist (e.g. law, updated law and implementing rules), please complete one questionnaire per document.

Title of document: Marketing in Australia of Infant Formulas: Manufac	turers and Importers Agreement - T
Type of document_Voluntary measure	
Start date: 2003	End date (if any):
Published by: Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing	
Adopted by:	_Adopted date:
URL of document: http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/	Content/health-publith-publicat-doc
URL in GINA: https://extranet.who.int/nutrition/gina/en/node/17817	
Scope: designated products and age limit 1. Does this document cover the following products (designated products)	acts)?
Please tick off designated products, state age limit and indicate the relevant and	icle or provision:
a. Infant formula. Age limit: up to 12 months. Article: b. Follow-up formula. Age limit:	. Article: ng child feeding eding include written, audio or
2. Does this document cover informational and educational materials Pers. Article: Clause 4	
3. Does this document require clear information on the following point	nts?
Please tick off areas covered and indicate the relevant article of the law or regu	lation
 a. In the benefits and superiority of breastfeeding. Article: 4a b. In Maternal nutrition, and preparation for and maintenance of breastfeeding. 	
c. • The negative effect on breastfeeding of introducing partial bottl	
d. $\ \Box$ The difficulty of reversing the decision not to breastfeed. Article	: <u>4a</u>
e. • Where needed, the proper use of infant formula, whether manu prepared. Article: 4a	ıfactured industrially or home-

4. When such materials contain information about the use of infant formula and other breast-milk substitutes, does this document require that they include the following points?
Please tick off areas covered and indicate the relevant article of the law or regulation
 The social and financial implications of its use. Article: 4b The health hazards of inappropriate foods or feeding methods, e.g. early introduction of semi-solid foods or bottle-feeding. Article: 4b The health hazards of unnecessary or improper use of infant formula and other breast-milk substitutes. Article: 4b
5. Are such materials prohibited from using any pictures or text which may idealize the use of breast-milk substitutes? • Yes. Article: 5a
6. Does this document require government request and/or approval for donation of company materials?
■ Yes. Article: <u>4</u> c □ No
If yes, what are the criteria for approval, if any?
Manufacturers and importers of infant formulas should not donate informational or educational equipment or materials unless it is at the request of, and with the written approval of, the appropriate government authority or within guidelines given by the Australian Commonwealth, State or Territory Governments for this purpose. such equipment or materials may bear the donating company's name or logo, but should not
Provisions on the promotion of designated products to the general public
Advertising includes but is not limited to written publications, television, radio, film, electronic transmission (e.g. web sites, sms or email message, social media), video or felephone; display of signs, billboards, or notices; or exhibition of pictures or models. Sales devices include but are not limited to special displays, discount coupons, loss-leaders and tie-in sales (Code Article 5.3), such as premiums, rebates, special cales, prizes or gifts.
7. Does this document prohibit the following forms of promotion to the <i>general public</i> (including at points-of-sale and in health care facilities)? Please tick off areas covered and indicate the relevant article.
a. ■ Advertising. Article: Clause 5 and 8 b. ■ Sales devices Article: Clause 5 and 6 c. ■ Samples, gifts to pregnant women and mothers. Article: Clause 5 and 6 d. ■ Direct and indirect contact with pregnant women and mothers. Article: Cl. 5&6
Provisions on the promotion of designated products to health workers an health care facilities
Materials include but are not limited to equipment, samples, pens, calendars, posters, note pads, growth charts and toys, which refer to or may promote the use of a designated product. Gifts include but are not limited to fellowships, research grants or funding for meetings, seminars, continuing education courses or conferences (Code Article 7.5).
8. Does this document prohibit the following forms of promotion to health workers and health care facilities?
Please tick off areas covered and indicate the relevant article.
a. Provision of free or low-cost supplies. Article: Clause 6 and 7 b. Materials and gifts. Article: Cl 6&7

Provisions on labelling of designated products

Labelling of designated products should provide the necessary information about the appropriate use of the product and not discourage breastfeeding (Code Article 9.1). The Code spells out a series of specific requirements for labels (Code Article 9.2).

The Fifty-eight World Health Assembly urged Member States to ensure that nutrition and health claims are not permitted for breast-milk substitutes, except where specifically provided for in national legislation (WHA 58.32 1(2), 2005). It also urged Member States to ensure information that powdered infant formula may contain pathogenic microorganisms and must be prepared and used appropriately; and, where applicable, that this information is conveyed through an explicit warning on packaging (WHA 58.32 1(3), 2005).

	and, where applicable, that this information is conveyed through an explicit warning on packaging (WHA 58.32 1(3), 2005).
9.	Does this document require the following for the labels of breast-milk substitutes?
PΙ	ease tick off areas covered and indicate the relevant article
a. b. c.	5 I <u>—————</u>
d.	
e.	■ Ban on pictures of infants, other pictures or text which may idealise the use of infant formula. Article: Clause 9
f.	Warning that powdered infant formula may contain pathogenic micro-organisms and must be prepared and used appropriately. Article: <u>Clause 9</u>
g. Pı	Ban on nutrition and health claims. Article: Clause 9 rovisions on the establishment of monitoring mechanisms
	This question concerns the call for establishment of monitoring mechanism. Please mention here the basis and criteria for establishing <i>unonitoring mechanisms as mentioned in the legislative or other appropriate measure</i> . The actual establishment, functioning and monitoring activities of such mechanism are further inquired in questionnaire 2 "Monitoring and enforcement".
10	D. Does this document call for establishment of mechanism(s) for effective monitoring?
	Yes. Article: Clause 10
lf	yes, please tick off criteria mentioned in this document for such mechanism and indicate the relevant article:
a.	■ Independent and transparent, Article: 10
b.	·
с.	· <u>= = </u>
d.	☐ Empowered to impose legal sanctions, Article:

Questionnaire 2: Monitoring and enforcement

This questionnaire concerns the established formal and informal monitoring mechanisms as well as actions taken to enforce the implementation. Please describe here the structure, mandate and criteria of any established monitoring mechanism. Please also describe the actual monitoring activities and sanctions implemented.

1. Has a formal mechanism been established national legislative or other appropriate mea	by the government to monitor the implementation of the sure? No. Please proceed to Question 24.
2. Title of monitoring mechanism:	
3. When was the mechanism established?	
4. Which government sector and agency is re	sponsible for the monitoring mechanism?
Sector: Please select	Agency:
5. Which other government sectors and agen	cies are involved in the monitoring mechanism?
Please list sector and title of up to five governm	nent sectors and agencies involved in the mechanism
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Sector: Please select	Agency
Sector: Please select	Agensy:
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Sector: Please select	Agency:
6. Which nongovernmental partners are invo	lyed in the monitoring mechanism?
Please list type and title of up to five nongover	nmental partners involved in the mechanism
Type: Please select	Partner:
7. What is the mandate of the monitoring me	
a. Monitor compliance with national legib. Monitoring in:	slative or other appropriate measure
□ Health facilities	
2. □Media	
3. □Billboards/signs	
4. □Retail shops	
5. □Pharmacies	
6. Other:	

a.	Amount:
b.	Funding sources:
9. /	Are the following criteria met for operationalization of the monitoring mechanism?
a.	■ Transparent
b.	■ Independent
c.	■ Free from commercial influence
d.	■ Budgeted/funded
e.	■ Empowered to take action
f.	☐ Sustainable
10.	When did the first monitoring exercise take place?
	Is monitoring still ongoing?
a.	☐ Yes. Approximately how often is monitoring taking place?
b.	□ No. When did monitoring cease?
	Why did monitoring cease?
	R 21
12.	When did the last monitoring exercise take place?
12	Where did the monitoring take place (geographical location)?
13.	where did the monitoring take place (geographics, iscation):
	55, CO. X.
	5x, 0, 16,
	Which delivery channels were monitored?
14.	Which delivery channels were monitored?
a. b.	□Media
с.	□ Retail shops
d.	☐ Health facilities ☐ Media ☐ Retail shops ☐ Pharmacies
e.	□Other:
	<u> </u>
15.	Was a report published? ☐ Yes ☐ No
f y	es, please provide report title and URL if publically available:
a.	Title of report:
b.	URL of report:
16.	Were violations identified? \square Yes \square No. <i>Please proceed to Question 23.</i>
17	Were constions imposed 2 Vos
1/.	Were sanctions imposed? \square Yes. \square No. Please proceed to Question 23.

18. What kind of sanctions were imposed?			
a. Criminal sanctions			
b. \square Administrative sanctions			
c.			
19. When were the sanctions imposed?			
20. Who were responsible for implementing the sanctions?			
21. Were the sanctions documented? ☐ Yes ☐ No			
If yes, please provide report title and URL if publically available:			
Title of report:			
URL of report:			
STEEL			
22. Was there a public dissemination of the sanctions?			
☐ Yes. Public dissemination through: ☐ Media ☐ Publication ☐ Other:			
□ No			
23. Please describe any lessons learnt from monitoring or imposing the sanctions. What were the challenges			
encountered and how did you overcome these challenges?			
CILERS INFO			
24. Are there any other informat mechanisms in place to monitor the implementation of the code or			
national legislation?			
If yes, please describe:			
Stakeholders actively monitor intent formula marketing activities in Australia to ensure consistent and accurate information in the marketing of infant formula in Australia.			
25. Any other comments:			

Although the MAIF Agreement is not actively monitored by government, up until November 2013 complaints against industry under clauses of the Agreement were assessed by a government funded Advisory Panel on the Marketing in Australia of Infant Formula (APMAIF) who determined if there was a breach against the Agreement.

Since the abolition of the APMAIF, the Australian Government has been working with Industry to develop a new transparent process for assessing complaints against the MAIF Agreement. The new process is anticipated to be in place by the end of 2014.

Questionnaire 3: Capacity building activities related to the Code

This questionnaire concerns any capacity building activities related to developing, implementing, monitoring and enforcing the Code.

	ion of the International Code and WHA resolutions ion of national Code-related legislation or other appropriate measures legislation
	taken, e.g. orientation and training, advocacy materials: brough adherence to the MAIF Agreement and the:
National Breastfeeding Strategy 2010	-2015 that provides a framework for priorities and action for
. When was the capacity building cor	nducted?
. Which government sectors and age	ncies were involved in conducting the capacity building?
Please list sector and title of up to five	government sectors and agencies involved in conducting the capacity building
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Sector: Please select	Agency
Sector: Please select	Agency:
Which pangayarement partners us	ere involved in conducting the capacity building?
	ongovernment partners involved in conducting the capacity building
Type: Please select	
Type: Please select	
Type: Please select	Partner:
Type: Please select	Partner:
	Partner:
Type: Please select	Partner:
. Please describe any lessons learnt f	rom the capacity building. What were the challenges encountered an
ow did you overcome these challeng	
. Any other comments or a brief desc	ription of the capacity building:
	<u>-</u>



OCUMENT RELEASED INDERNATION ACT ASSOCIATION ACT ASSOCIATION ARTHUR ARTH

16) Is your country implementing the International Code of Marketing of Breast-Milk Substitutes through adoption of national laws?

N Yes	l No	Don't know	N

Provide a copy of the policy(ies).

	Browse
Breastfeeding_strat1015.pdf	Delete
F2014C01200.pdf	<u>Delete</u>
maif-agreement.pdf	<u>Delete</u>
n56_infant_feeding_guidelines.pdf	<u>Delete</u>

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16) Is your country implementing the International Code of Marketing of Breast-Milk Substitutes through adoption of national laws?

√ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know

Provide a copy of the policy(ies).

	Browse	
Breastfeeding_strat1015.pdf	Delete	
F2014C01200.pdf	<u>Delete</u>	
maif-agreement.pdf	<u>Delete</u>	
n56_infant_feeding_guidelines.pdf	Delete	

CONTACT INFORMATION				
		Completed		
COUNTRY NAME: (select from drop-down list)	Australia	✓		
Who is the <u>focal point</u> for completion of this survey?				
Name s22		✓		
Position Assistant Secretary, Health in Social Policy Branch				
Contact Information: (press alt+	enter to create a new line)			
Ph: s22 email: s22 Address: GPO Box 9 Canberra ACT 260	·	✓		

s22



yes