

2022 Private Health Insurance Premium Application Form

Submissions

Please direct queries regarding the premium application form to phi@health.gov.au.

Applications should be submitted via **SecureDoc**, a cloud-based APRA owned file transfer system by **3pm**, **15 November 2021**. SecureDoc access will be provided to the premium round primary and secondary contacts. If access is required for additional contacts in order to submit applications, please provide details to phi@health.gov.au by 15 October 2021.

Confidentiality and Publication

The submitted premium application forms will be treated as **protected information** as defined by the *Private Health Insurance Act 2007*.

Health intends to publish on its website each insurer's average premium price change and the industry average premium price change.

Only highly aggregated or non-identifiable information will be made public, such as average premium changes in jurisdictions or by insured groups.



The Premium Application Form

Section 66-10 of the *Private Health Insurance Act 2007* provides that a private health insurer that proposes to change the premiums charged for a complying health insurance product must apply to the Minister for approval of the change:

- a) in the approved form; and
- b) at least 60 days before the day on which the insurer proposes the change to take effect.

A written report and four templates (Template A, Template B, Template C and Template D) are collectively referred to as the premium application form. Optional covering letters will also be considered as part of the premium application form.

The premium application form will be assessed by the Department of Health (Health) and the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA).

In submitting the premium application form, please note:

- New products which have been introduced between 1 April 2021 and 30 September 2021 should be included.
- All information should be provided as instructed in this document.
- Data should align with information provided to APRA, notably HRF601 and HRF602.
- Pages should be numbered in the written report.
- The premium application form should **not** be submitted in PDF format.
- Only information that is relevant to the health insurance business is required.

Health/APRA will contact insurers to discuss applications that do not comply with the guidelines and requirements set out in this document.

2022 Average Premium Increase

The 2022 average premium increase will be calculated from the premium as agreed by the Minister for Health in the 2021 premium round, regardless of whether this premium has been applied or not.

The Written Report

Applications for premium changes should include all information outlined below.

As a guide, an application which is consistent with the insurer's pricing philosophy and capital management plan is expected to be no more than 20 pages and no more than 10 pages for the Actuarial opinion.



Questions

Reference	Question	Guidance
1	Insurer name	Provide the name of the insurer as registered with APRA as at the premium
		application date.
	Date(s) of	Provide the date(s) on which the premium change(s) are to take effect. It is
2	premium	preferable for insurers to implement a date of effect of 1 April.
	change effect Summary	Option to answer this question by way of a covering letter OR as part of the
	statement	written report. Summarise how the key drivers have resulted in the prices applied
3	Statement	for and highlight any significant issues or key changes associated with the pricing
		or implementation approach.
	Consistency	Outline whether the 2022 premium application is consistent with the insurer's
	with pricing	pricing philosophy.
	philosophy	
		This should detail products that are currently, or expected to be, outside of the
4		pricing philosophy and any remedial action planned over the forecast period. Given COVID-19, insurers should outline whether the insurers philosophy and
7		appetite for potential remedial action has been impacted by the increased
		uncertainty.
		Insurers are expected to demonstrate whether or not products and the fund as a
		whole are aligned to the pricing philosophy.
	Consistency	Outline whether the capital projections outlined in Template B are consistent with
	with capital management	the insurer's capital management plan. This should detail any remedial action planned over the forecast period.
5	plan	planned over the forecast period.
	P	Considering the uncertainties of COVID-19, insurers should include the impact on
		forecast capital and margins if benefits materialise at materially different rates to
		those assumed.
	Benefit growth	Outline the approach to forecasting benefits over the projection period.
		Commentary should provide an understanding of how benefits were forecast and
		why they are considered reasonable.
		Commentary should specifically cover the insurer's view on:
		Underlying benefit growth <u>over 2020-2021</u> , since COVID-19 started. This
		should exclude any temporary impacts associated with COVID-19 to the
		extent possible.
		Future underlying future benefit growth over the projection period The projection period of COVID 40. The projection period of COVID 40. The projection period of COVID 40. The projection period of COVID 40.
6		 excluding temporary impacts of COVID-19. Temporary impacts of COVID-19 on the forecast period, including
		movements in DCL and meeting commitments.
		How the underlying future benefits have been affected by Government
		reforms including:
		 Medicare Benefits Schedule changes
		 Prostheses reforms
		Dependents reforms (including how the insurer is implementing
		the reform, the maximum age of dependants and expected increase in participation)
		Natural therapies reforms
	Pricing	Outline any other drivers that have contributed to the prices applied for. This may
7	Ü	include the impact of cost drivers such as hospital and medical specialist contract
		indexation, out of hospital care initiatives, or other programs aimed at reducing
		costs, other strategies or material risks.



	Meeting public	Confirm whether the entity is committed to not profiting from COVID-19. If so,
	commitments	demonstrate how the insurer is delivering on this commitment. The commentary
		should reference:
8		- The amount of permanent claims savings including noting estimates of
		the DCL and referencing figures in template D
		- How the insurer has and is planning to meet this commitment
		referencing the 'amounts returned to policyholders' in template D
	Consistency	Provide a declaration that the premium changes are consistent with the <i>Private</i>
9	with Act and	Health Insurance Act 2007 and Private Health Insurance (Prudential Supervision)
	Rules	Act 2015, and the associated Rules, as at the date submitted.
	Actuarial	Provide an opinion (and commentary where relevant) from the Appointed Actuary
	opinion	regarding whether the assumptions and forecasts are reasonable. The Appointed
		Actuary should specifically comment on assumptions on future drawing rate
		growth given the uncertainties of COVID-19.
10		The Appointed Actuary may also comment on any matter he/she deems relevant
		to the premium application process.
		Provide a comment on the reasonableness of the conversion factor values
		provided by the insurer in Template C and the assumptions used to estimate the
		impact of the dependants reform in Template D.
	Contact person	Provide the contact details of a primary contact person, and an alternative contact
		person. This should include:
		- name
11		- position title
		- landline telephone number
		- mobile phone number
		- E-mail address.



Template A (Products)

- All products should be reported regardless of whether a change in premium is sought.
- Template A should be completed for all products currently available and all new products expected to commence on or prior to **1 April 2022.**
- All products should reflect the name, excesses, and premiums as they will appear in the PHIS and Fund Rules from 1 April 2022.
- Ambulance Only policies should be included where they are complying health insurance products, and included in HRF601.
- Information should be provided for all products, even if some products have the same price (i.e. information should be provided for couple policies even if they are priced the same as family policies).
- Do not include Overseas Visitors Health Cover or Overseas Student Health Cover products.
- Do not create new categories as a substitute for drop down list options select only options in the drop-down menu.
- Template A "number of policies" and "insured people" should be consistent with HRF601 for the **September 2021** quarter.
- Products listed in all templates should be identified with a unique 'Product Code' identifier. This should be the PHIS ID.
- If an insurer plans to terminate products from **1 April 2022**, the 2022 price should be identical to the 2021 price.
- ANNUAL CO_PAYMENTS (column J) to be entered as a dollar amount or as "no cap". A dollar
 amount should report the maximum allowable annual total co-payment amount (this is
 an amount separate to ANNUAL EXCESS).
- **2021 MONTHLY PREMIUM (\$)** is the approved 1 April 2021 price, regardless of whether this price has been applied or not. The 2022 average premium increase will be calculated from the base price as agreed by the Minister for Health in the 2021 premium round, regardless of whether this price has been applied or not.
- The age-based discount conversion factor at Column O should be identical to that identified in the 2021 premium round. If the discount did not apply to the product, the factor will be 100 per cent.
- The age-based discount conversion factor at Column P of Template A is only relevant to products where the aged-based discount will be applied.
 - o If the discount does not apply to the product, the factor will be 100 per cent.
 - If 100 people are on a product, and 10 people are eligible for a 2 per cent aged-based discount, the difference in monthly income when the discount is applied is 0.2 per cent, therefore, the aged-based discount conversion factor is 99.8 per cent.
- The age-based discount conversion factor at Column Q of Template A will calculate the change in the aged based discount. The figures in Column Q flow through to the insurer average premium change figure in Template C.



Field Descriptions

Field	Data Entry Guidelines	Example
INSURER	Name of insurer.	
STATE	Select from the drop down list the State/Territory in which the product is available. This should be consistent with the risk equalisation jurisdiction for APRA reporting Each State/Territory should be recorded separately (i.e. if the same product is available in multiple states, record in individual rows.	Drop down list: NSW / ACT NT QLD SA TAS VIC WA
PRODUCT CODE PHIS ID	Enter in full the unique product identification code for the product, exactly as generated in the PHIS by privatehealth.gov.au (i.e. do not truncate by omitting insurer identifier component of code). This includes products that are closed, or have zero policies/people.	
PRODUCT NAME as at 1 April 2022	Enter the product name. If the name is duplicated across products, do not leave any rows blank, but instead enter the identical name for each product. This should be consistent with the information recorded in the PHIS for the product.	Gold Hospital Cover
PRODUCT STATUS as at 1 April 2022	 Select from the drop down list whether the product is: Open and is a New Product to the market. Open already Existing product. Closed – Closing, if the insurer plans to close the product anytime between 1 April 2021 to 31 Mar 2022. Closed prior to 1 April 2021 – Existing. Terminating, if planning to terminate the product prior to 1 April 2022 with customers being migrated to alternative products. 	Drop down list: Open – New Product Open – Existing Closed – Closing Closed – Existing Terminating
PRODUCT COVERAGE	Select only from the drop down list.	Drop down list: Hospital = Hospital treatment only General = General treatment only Combined = Combined Hospital and General Treatment General Ambulance = AmbulanceOnly
HOSPITAL CATEGORY as at 1 April 2022	Select only from the drop down list. This should be consistent with the information recorded in the PHIS for the product with that particular unique product identification code. Leave blank for general products.	Drop down list: Gold Silver Plus Silver Bronze Plus Bronze Basic Plus Basic



Field	Data Entry Guidelines	Example
INSURED	Select only from the drop down list.	Drop down list:
GROUP	Enter information for each product subgroup separately	ChildrenOnly
	even if different insured groups have the same price (e.g.	Couple
	include couples information in a separate row from	ExtendedFamily
	family's information even if they have the same prices, if	ExtendedSingleParentFamily
	they have different PHIS's).	Family
		Single
		SingleParentFamily
		3+Adults
ANNUAL	Enter the amount of the excess for the product as at 1	\$500
EXCESS as at 1	April 2022. This is the maximum annual excess for the	
April 2022	policy. For example, \$500 should be entered if the excess	
	is \$250 per admission per person but limited to a	
	maximum of \$500 per year. This should be consistent	
	with the information recorded in the PHIS for the product	
	with that particular unique product identification code.	
ANNUAL CO-	Enter the maximum annual total co-payment amount for	\$500 or "no cap"
PAYMENT as at	the product as at 1 April 2022. For example, enter \$500 if	
1 April 2022	the co-payment is \$50 per admission for every admission	
	up to a maximum of \$500 per year. If no cap exists, enter	
	"no cap".	
2021 MONTHLY	Enter the approved 1 April 2021 price, regardless of	\$100.07
PREMIUM (\$)	whether this price has been applied or not.	
	Enter the price of all products introduced between 1 April	
	2021 and 30 September 2021.	
	This price should reflect the full price and evaluate the	
	This price should reflect the full price and <u>exclude</u> the rebate, LHC loadings, and discounts.	
	repare, the loadings, and discounts.	
	For new products commencing on 1 April 2022, please	
	leave blank.	
2022 MONTHLY	Enter the proposed new price per month for the product	\$101.67
PREMIUM (\$)	as at 1 April 2022, including for new products. This price	7101.07
as at 1 April	should reflect the full price and exclude the rebate, LHC	
2022 - for all	loadings, and discounts.	
products (new	iouanigo, and discounts.	
and existing)	For products terminating by 1 April 2022, please enter	
and chisting)	the 2021 price.	
TOTAL	Enter the total number of <u>people</u> covered by the policies	2,000
NUMBER OF	comprising the insured group for the particular product	
PEOPLE	as at 30 September 2021 (e.g. number of people covered	
COVERED BY	by family policies for the product). Do not record SEUs.	
THIS PRODUCT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
as at 30	Please leave blank for new products commencing on 1	
September	April 2022.	
2021	F	

7



Field	Data Entry Guidelines	Example
TOTAL	Enter the total number of <u>policies</u> comprising the insured	1,000
NUMBER OF	group for the particular product as at 30 September 2021	
POLICIES	(e.g. number of couple's policies for the product). <u>Do not</u>	
COVERED BY	record SEUs.	
THIS PRODUCT		
as at 30	Please leave blank for new products commencing on 1	
September	April 2022.	
2021		
AVERAGE AGE-	The average aged-based discount conversion factor	
BASED	applied in the 2021 premium round should be applied.	
DISCOUNT	100% should be applied to products that did not have an	
CONVERSION	age-based discount in 2021.	
FACTOR 2021		
AVERAGE AGE-	The average aged-based discount conversion factor	
BASED	applied to all policies on this product. 100% should be	
DISCOUNT	applied to products that do not have age-based discounts	
CONVERSION	or for all new products.	
FACTOR 2022		
AVERAGE AGE-	This is an automated field that calculates the 2021 aged-	
BASED	based factor less the 2022 aged-based factor. This	
DISCOUNT	provides a net factor for 2022 calculations.	
CONVERSION	·	
FACTOR NET		
MONTHLY	This is an automated field that calculates the 2021	
INCOME FROM	monthly income from all policies on the product based on	
PRODUCT	2021 monthly premium in column K multiplied by the	
	total number of policies covered by this product as at 30	
	September 2021 in column N. Because there will be zero	
	policies in column N for a proposed new product, this	
	field will be zero for all new products.	
2022 PREMIUM	This is an automated field that calculates the dollar value	
INCREASE (\$)	of the premium change between the 2022 monthly	
	premium price and the 2021 premium price. For new	
	products this field will be automatically flagged as a 'new'	
	product. For terminating products this field will be	
	automatically flagged as "terminating".	
2022 PREMIUM	This is an automated field that calculates the percentage	
INCREASE (%)	change of the premium change between the 2022	
	monthly premium price and the 2021 premium price. For	
	new products this field will be automatically flagged as a	
	'new' product. For terminating products this field will be	
	automatically flagged as "terminating".	
2022 MONTHLY	This is an automated field that calculates the 2022	
INCOME FROM	monthly income for all policies on the product based on	
PRODUCT	the 2022 monthly premium multiplied by the total	
	number of policies covered by this product as at 30	
	September 2021. Because there will be zero policies for a	
	proposed new product, this field will be zero for all new	
	products.	



Field	Data Entry Guidelines	Example
ESTIMATED	Estimate the number of people included in "TOTAL	-100
MIGRATION OF	NUMBER OF PEOPLE COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT as at	+100
PEOPLE DUE TO	30 September 2021 (Leave blank for new products	0
DEPENDENT	commencing on 1 April 2022)" that will migrate as a	
REFORM	result of the dependents reform.	
over the		
12 months	This number should reflect a movement for either part or	
from 1 April	all of the forecast contribution income 12 month period,	
2022	therefore this may be a non-integer.	
	For example:	
	One person migrating for 12 months: -1 / +1	
	One person migrating for six months: -0.5 / +0.5	
	Enter zero where there are no movements.	
ESTIMATED	Estimate the number of policies included in "TOTAL	-100
MIGRATION OF	NUMBER OF POLICIES COVERED BY THIS PRODUCT as at	0
POLICIES DUE	30 September 2021" that will migrate as a result of the	
ТО	dependents reform	
DEPENDENTS		
REFORM	This number should reflect a movement for either part or	
over the	all of the forecast contribution income 12 month period,	
12 months	therefore this may be a non-integer.	
from 1 April		
2022	For example:	
	One person migrating for 12 months: -1 One person migrating for six months: -0.5	
	One person migrating for six months0.5	
	Enter zero where there are no movements.	
ESTIMATED	This is an automated field that estimates the 2022	
2022 MONTHLY	monthly premium adjustment due to dependents reform	
PREMIUM (\$)	migration.	
ADJUSTMENT		
DUE TO		
DEPENDENTS		
REFORM		
MIGRATION		



Template B (Financials)

- Information requested in dollars should be entered as thousands of dollars (\$'000).
- Forecasts are required for the period October 2021 to March 2024.
- Figures under the Balance sheet and Capital Adequacy Standard for September 2021 should align with the September 2021 HRF602 returns.
- Hospital SEUs at September 2021 should reconcile with the HRF601 and HRF602.
- Expected dividend payments should be entered as a positive value and capital injections expected to be received as a negative value under 'dividend payments'.
- Capital Target Range should be expressed as total assets. This is the amount of assets
 required to be consistent with the targets outlined in the Capital Management Plan. Capital
 target range upper and lower bounds should both be entered. Where only a single target
 exists, this is to be repeated.
- Change in DCL due to deferred treatments occurring dollar amount (row 44) –This is the central estimate of costs of services performed within the month arising from procedure deferrals¹. A negative amount reflects a reduction in the DCL
- Change in DCL due to associated risk margin dollar amount (row 45) This will capture the change in DCL due to changes in risk margins. A negative amount reflects a reduction in the DCL.
- Other changes in DCL dollar amount (row 46 formula driven) This reflects other changes to the DCL not explained by rows 44 and 45. This would include any additional procedures deferred. A negative amount reflects a reduction in the DCL. A positive amount reflects an increase in the DCL. Non-zero amounts should be explained in the written report.
- Deferred Claims Liability (row 60). To be calculated as per APRA's <u>DCL FAQ</u>. Method for calculating Other liabilities amount (including deferred claims liability) (row 81) is unchanged, and per APRA returns.
- **Deferred claims liability (valued at 98**th **percentile)** (row 82) This item has been added to express the DCL included within the above item.
- Note: risk equalisation should be included in rows 44 and 45. The inclusion of claims
 handling in the DCL is at the discretion of the insurer. If claims handling is in the DCL then
 claims handling should also be in rows 44 and 45.

_

Restrictions on medical services introduced in March 2020 in response to COVID-19 have affected the pattern of claims by private health insurance policyholders. As some treatments were unable to proceed, insurers will typically have experienced a fall in benefit expenditure in the June quarter. However, in many instances policyholders affected by the restrictions will defer rather than forgo treatment, resulting in a delay in when they claim benefits from their health insurance policy. These claims that are deemed to have been deferred are referred to as the "deferred claims". Refer to APRA's "Application of the capital framework for COVID-19 related disruptions" letter dated 22 June 2020 for a discussion on the DCL and deferred claims.



Template C (Snapshot)

- Insurers are only required to complete the white cells. Grey cells will automatically calculate.
- Rate Protection Conversion Factor (%) will convert Excluding Rate Protection (%) into Including Rate Protection (%). To be calculated as per prior years.
- Proposed changes to benefits, should include an estimated cost or saving as a percentage
 of total contribution income. Savings should be stated as a negative amount as a
 percentage of Total Contribution Income. For changes to benefits due to product
 changes, details should be included in the Product Changes section of the table. Product
 changes may be grouped as the insurer sees fit.
- The Department intends to publish the insurer average premium rate change including age based discount, rate protection and the dependents reform adjustment.

Template D (Other)

Hospital Product Margins

Insurers are asked to provide actual and forecast margins by product tier for the years commencing 1 April 2021 (actual/expected), 1 April 2022, 1 April 2023 and 1 April 2024, based on the proposed price increases. Net margins should include management expenses and risk equalisation. Risk equalisation should include gross deficit and calculated deficit. All relevant allocations should be done on a best endeavours basis.

Migration impact

Where insurers plan to migrate policyholders between products, insurers are asked to report the expected Gross Margin (\$) impact of the movement. The calculation should reflect both changes in premium received, relative to 2022 Monthly Premium reported in Template A, and changes in claims net of risk equalisation to reflect changes in coverage between products. Where possible, migration impacts should also consider policyholder terminations. The amount should be aggregated for all planned migrations.

Dependents reform

"Net overall impact of implementing dependents reforms \$'000" – insurers are asked to report the expected Gross Margin (\$) impact of implementing the dependents reforms. This should reflect all impacts including price changes. Insurers may also provide a description.

Grey cells have been linked to Templates A and C. The information in the grey cells for Apr22 will be used to adjust the forecast contribution income calculated in Template C. Insurers are asked to estimate net overall impact and the migration of policies for Apr23.

Permanent claims savings and amounts returned to policyholders related to COVID-19 Insurers are asked to report any permanent claims savings (deferred claims liability amounts that are not needed to fund deferred treatments) resulting from the impacts of COVID-19 and any amounts returned to policyholders or benefits provided to customers related to COVID-19 by listing each initiative and the corresponding amounts. Enter zero for time periods which are not applicable. This information will be used in conjunction with the written report question "Meeting public commitments", information provided in Template B, together with the APRA 602 returns, to provide detailed advice to the Minister regarding public commitments relating to COVID-19.



Avoiding Data Issues and Resubmissions

Each year a number of insurers are asked to resubmit applications due to incorrectly completing the approved form or for data issues. To avoid these in the coming round, insurers are asked to be particularly vigilant of data issues that have historically resulted in insurers being asked to resubmit.

To ensure each application does not contain data issues it is requested insurers check the following before submitting:

- No additional columns or rows are inserted into Template B.
- The excel spreadsheet does not contain links to other files.
- The capital target range is expressed as total assets, not net assets (capital).
- Cells surrounding the template are blank. Cells outside of the requested fields do not have checking or verification calculations.
- Changes to benefits in **Template C** that result in savings are expressed as a negative.
- Cells requesting a number have a number inserted and not text. Similarly that cells with a number have not been formatted to 'text'.
- Cells in **Template B** without a value have a '0' inserted and are not left blank.
- If an insurer has a single capital target rather than a range, this figure is entered into both the lower and upper bound.
- The formula cells have not been edited by the insurer.
- Data entered by the insurer should be values and not include calculations.
- Expected dividend payments should be entered as a positive value and capital injections expected to be received as a negative value under 'dividend payments'.
- Compliance checks are routinely carried out to ensure premiums approved by the Minister in the premium round process reflect the corresponding PHIS. Please ensure that accurate PHIS Product ID's are provided along with the new premium price requested for each product.