National Communicable Diseases Surveillance Report

Fortnight 24, 2020 Summary Notes for Selected Diseases

23 November to 06 December 2020

Infectious and congenital syphilis

Increases in infectious syphilis notifications are attributed to an on-going outbreak occurring in young Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people residing in northern and central Australia, continued increases among men who have sex with men (MSM) in urban areas of Victoria (Vic) and New South Wales (NSW), and increases in non-Indigenous women residing in urban areas of Vic, NSW, Queensland (Qld) and Western Australia (WA).

Outbreak in remote Australia

In January 2011, an increase of infectious syphilis notifications among young (15-29 years) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was identified in the North West region of Qld, following a steady decline at a national level in remote communities. Subsequent increases in infectious syphilis notifications were reported in the Northern Territory (NT) in 2013, WA in 2014 and South Australia (SA) in 2016, following sustained periods of low notification rates. The outbreak is of significant public health concern given the: elevated rates of infectious syphilis among women of child-bearing age, increasing the risk of congenital syphilis; and the concomitant risk of HIV transmission. For the latest information on the infectious syphilis outbreak, refer to the <u>Department's website</u>.

Increases among MSM

Since 2010, increases in notifications of infectious syphilis have been reported in MSM, predominately 20-39 years of age, residing in urban areas of Vic and NSW.

Increases among non-Indigenous women

Since 2016, increases in notifications of infectious syphilis have been reported in non-Indigenous women aged predominately 20-39 years of age residing in urban areas of NSW, Vic, Qld and WA. As noted in the outbreak in remote Australia, increases in women of child-bearing age is of significant public health concern given the increased risk of congenital syphilis.

Interpretative Notes

Selected diseases are chosen each fortnight based on either exceeding two standard deviations from the 90 day and/or 365 day five year rolling mean or other disease issues of significance identified during the reporting period. All diseases reported are analysed by notification receive date. Data are extracted each Monday of a CDNA week.

Totals comprise data from all States and Territories. Cumulative figures are subject to retrospective revision so there may be discrepancies between the number of new notifications and the increment in the cumulative figure from the previous period.

¹The past quarter (90 day) surveillance period includes the date range (08/09/2020 to 06/12/2020).

²The quarterly (90 day) five year rolling mean is the average of 5 intervals of 90 days up to 06/12/2020. The ratio is the notification activity in the past quarter (90 days) compared with the five year rolling mean for the same period.

³The past year (365 day) surveillance period includes the date range (07/12/2019 to 22/11/2020).

⁴The yearly (365 day) five year rolling mean is the average of 5 intervals of 365 days up to 06/12/2020. The ratio is the notification activity in the past year (365 days) compared with the five year rolling mean for the same period.

The five year rolling mean and the ratio of notifications compared with the five year rolling mean should be interpreted with caution. Changes in surveillance practice, diagnostic techniques and reporting may contribute to increases or decreases in the total notifications received over a five year period. Ratios are to be taken as a crude measure of current disease activity and may reflect changes in reporting rather than changes in disease activity.

AD	T FN24/2020		State or Territory								Notification received dat Totals for Australia				e Historical 90 Day Period				Historical Yearly Period			
Disease group	Disease name	ase code	АСТ	NSW	TN	old	SA	Tas	Vic	WA	This reporting period	Previous reporting Period	Same reporting period last year	Current year YTD	Past Quarter	Quarterly rolling 5 year	Ratio past quarter/5	Exceeds quarterly rolling	Past Year	Yearly rolling 5 year mean	Ratio past year/5 year	Exceed yearly rolling
		Dise									23/11/2020 06/12/2020	09/11/2020 22/11/2020	23/11/2019 06/12/2019	01/01/2020 06/12/2020	08/09/2020 06/12/2020	mean	year mean*	mean +2 SD by	07/12/2019 06/12/2020	07/12/2014 06/12/2019	mean*	mean +2 by
Bloodborne diseases	Hepatitis B (newly acquired) Hepatitis B (unspecified)	039	- 1	- 83	-	2	- 3	- 1	1 42	- 14	4	10 205	6 208	104 4,691	25 1,172	33.6 1,477.4	0.7	-	115 4,979	153.4 6,007.6	0.7	· ·
	Hepatitis C (newly acquired)	040	-	1	-	16	2	1	-	2	21	17	45	622	150	199.4	0.8	-	685	716.4	1.0	
	Hepatitis C (unspecified) Hepatitis D	053	4	101	-	- 75	-	2	- 42	- 53	281 2	279	318	6,935 64	1,819 20	2,406.4 18.0	0.8	-	7,431	9,842.6 68.4	0.8	
Gastrointestinal diseases	Botulism	045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1.4	-	
	Campylobacteriosis Cryptosporidiosis	005	46 -	499 17	18 6	305 12	- 85	76	56 10	151 1	1,236 47	1,609 52	,	28,688 2,370	8,494 301	7,862.0 625.8	1.1 0.5	-	31,185 2,560	28,601.2 3,977.0	1.1 0.6	
	Haemolytic uraemic syndrome (HUS) Hepatitis A	055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	2		3	4.4 50.4	0.7		15 110	16.4 244.8	0.9	
	Hepatitis E	051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		4	9.0	0.1	-	34	45.8	0.4	
	Listeriosis	018	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	4	1		13	16.4 16.0	0.8	-	40 51	71.8 82.4	0.6 0.6	
	Paratyphoid STEC	080	-	10	-	- 3	-	-	- 6	2	21	- 21			- 125	120.2	1.0	-	583	427.2	1.4	
	Salmonellosis	030	2	86 9	8	128 13	8	12	47	51	342 34	305 39	624 124	11,195 1,624	1,890 189	3,141.4 491.2	0.6	-	12,277 1,802	16,147.4 1,953.4	0.8	
	Shigellosis Typhoid Fever	031	-	9	-	-	-		-	4	34 5	39 1	- 124	1,624	7	491.2	0.4	-	1,802	1,953.4 146.8	0.9	
Quarantinable diseases	Avian influenza in humans (AIH) COVID-19	076	- 2	- 78	- 16	- 18	-	-	-	- 32	- 145	- 161	-	- 28,041	- 1,620	-		- 1,620.0	- 28,041	-		28,0
	Cholera	008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 28,041	-	0.6	-	-	- 28,041	1.4	-	20,0
	MERS-CoV Plague	079	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Rabies	023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) Smallpox	071	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Viral haemorrhagic fever (NEC)	089	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Yellow fever Chlamydial infection	041	- 49	- 1,023	- 50	- 876	- 164	- 61	-	- 414	- 2,637	- 2,714	- 3,855	- 69,739	- 17,745	- 23,798.4	0.7	-	- 74,742	- 98,850.0	0.8	
Sexually transmissible infections	Donovanosis	010	- 49	- 1,023	-	- 8/0	-	-	-	- 414	- 2,037	2,714	3,855		- 17,745	- 23,798.4	0.7	-	- 74,742	98,850.0	0.8	
	Gonococcal infection Syphilis < 2 years	011	10	335 31	50 12	196 30	70	1	127 46	127 21	916 146	967 180	1,343 243	27,939	6,310 1,180	6,663.8 1,117.2	0.9	-	29,920 5,162	27,015.4 4,269.8	1.1 1.2	
	Syphilis > 2 years or unspecified duration	067	-	10	2	5	1	-	31	3		65		1,908	410	548.2	0.7	-	2,025	2,175.0	0.9	
	Syphilis congenital Diphtheria	047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2		4	2.4 2.4	1.7 0.4	-	<mark>16</mark> 5	6.0 7.4	2.7 0.7	<u> </u>
	Haemophilus influenzae type b	012	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	1		7	4.0	1.8	1.0	20	18.6	1.1	
	Influenza (laboratory confirmed) Measles	062	-	10	-	- 11	2	2	7	4	36	36	1,944 16	21,851	175	41,439.8 35.0	0.0	-	25,150 40	162,589.0 128.6	0.2	<u> </u>
	Mumps	021	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	8		14	148.2	0.1	-	165	615.0	0.3	
	Pertussis Pneumococcal disease (invasive)	024	- 1	4	- 1	5	- 8	1	17	3	30 45	24 46		3,634	124 251	4,886.4 527.0	0.0	-	4,480 1,159	16,070.0 1,872.2	0.3	
	Poliovirus infection	026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.0	
	Rotavirus Rubella	077	-	- 6	-	- 14	-	· ·	NN -	- 5	31	33	557	1,682	251	1,939.8 2.0	0.1	-	2,320	4,590.8 15.4	0.5	
	Rubella congenital	046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	0.2	-	
	Tetanus Varicella zoster (chickenpox)	033	- 6	- NN	- 1	-	- 26	- 6	- 14	- 26	- 73	- 97	- 218	2,546	1 728	1.0	1.0 0.7	-	4 2,805	3.6 3,526.0	1.1 0.8	
	Varicella zoster (shingles)	074	25	NN	18	2	89	14	55	66	249	362	731	14,077	3,020	2,776.8	1.1	-	15,104	10,382.6	1.5	
	Varicella zoster (unspecified) Barmah Forest virus infection	075	5	NN 6	-	449 24	45	- 19	- 1	91	643 30	775 27			4,086 148	3,518.8 67.8	1.2	- 39.6	12,866 727	14,289.4 404.4	0.9	
Vectorborne diseases	Chikungunya virus infection	078	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	41	-	29.0	-	-	51	93.8	0.5	
	Dengue virus infection Flavivirus infection (unspecified)	003	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	51	249 12	- 4	275.4 7.8	- 0.5	-	303 12	1,508.8 32.8	0.2	
	Japanese encephalitis virus infection	059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	0.4	-	-	1	1.4	0.7	
	Malaria Murray Valley encephalitis virus infection	020	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	- 3	-	17	159	- 13	86.0	0.2	-	178	340.6 0.6	0.5	
	Ross River virus infection	002	-	22	8	29	4	-	2	54	119	122	66	5,935	547	600.4	0.9	-	6,016	5,366.6	1.1	
Zoonoses	West Nile/Kunjin virus infection Anthrax	060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	1.6	-	
	Australian bat lyssavirus infection	063	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Brucellosis Leptospirosis	004	-	-	-	- 2	-	-	- 1	-	- 3	1	1		3	4.8 15.0	0.6	-	17 92	19.0 113.8	0.9 0.8	
	Lyssavirus infection (NEC)	064	-	-	-	-	-	·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
	Ornithosis Q fever	023	-	3	-	- 4	-	-	- 1	-	3	- 18	1 30		18 101	7.4 143.6	2.4	2.8	44 485	18.6 547.0	2.4	
	Q fever Tularaemia	027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 12	-	-	453	- 101	- 143.6	0.7	-	485	- 547.0	0.9	
Other bacterial infections	Legionellosis	015	-	4	-	2	2	-	6	8		18		464	118 2	112.2 4.0	1.1	-	492 6	403.0 12.2	1.2 0.5	
	Leprosy Meningococcal disease (invasive)	022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	83	17	4.0	0.5	-	93	261.8	0.5	
	Tuberculosis	034	-	35	-	11	2	1	15	7	71	60	77	1,456	412	375.0	1.1	-	1,557	1,403.4	1.1	

Footnotes: * Ratio of the 90 day prior surveillance period to the past 90 day 5 year rolling mean, or ratio of the year period prior surveillance period to the year period 5 year rolling mean. NN = Not Notifiable, NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified The data in this report are reliant on the provision of data from states and territories to the Australian Government Department of Health. Backlogs in notifications at the state or territory level may contribute to delays in reporting to the NNDSS. Notifications for some high volume conditions are only uploaded quarterly by some jurisdictions, which can result in apparent large variability over time. The NNDSS is a dynamic dataset, with data in this report representing data available on (09/12/2020). Data in this report are subject to retrospective revision and may vary from data reported in published NNDSS reports and reports of notification data by states and territories.