National Communicable Diseases Surveillance Report

Fortnight 21, 2020 Summary Notes for Selected Diseases

10 October to 25 October 2020

Infectious and congenital syphilis

Increases in infectious syphilis notifications are attributed to an on-going outbreak occurring in young Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people residing in northern and central Australia, continued increases among men who have sex with men (MSM) in urban areas of Victoria (Vic) and New South Wales (NSW), and increases in non-Indigenous women residing in urban areas of Vic, NSW, Queensland (Qld) and Western Australia (WA).

Outbreak in remote Australia

In January 2011, an increase of infectious syphilis notifications among young (15-29 years) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was identified in the North West region of Qld, following a steady decline at a national level in remote communities. Subsequent increases in infectious syphilis notifications were reported in the Northern Territory (NT) in 2013, WA in 2014 and South Australia (SA) in 2016, following sustained periods of low notification rates. The outbreak is of significant public health concern given the: elevated rates of infectious syphilis among women of child-bearing age, increasing the risk of congenital syphilis; and the concomitant risk of HIV transmission. For the latest information on the infectious syphilis outbreak, refer to the Department's website.

Increases among MSM

Since 2010, increases in notifications of infectious syphilis have been reported in MSM, predominately 20-39 years of age, residing in urban areas of Vic and NSW.

Increases among non-Indigenous women

Since 2016, increases in notifications of infectious syphilis have been reported in non-Indigenous women aged predominately 20-39 years of age residing in urban areas of NSW, Vic, Qld and WA. As noted in the outbreak in remote Australia, increases in women of child-bearing age is of significant public health concern given the increased risk of congenital syphilis.

Interpretative Notes

Selected diseases are chosen each fortnight based on either exceeding two standard deviations from the 90 day and/or 365 day five year rolling mean or other disease issues of significance identified during the reporting period. All diseases reported are analysed by notification receive date. Data are extracted each Monday of a CDNA week.

Totals comprise data from all States and Territories. Cumulative figures are subject to retrospective revision so there may be discrepancies between the number of new notifications and the increment in the cumulative figure from the previous period.

 1 The past quarter (90 day) surveillance period includes the date range (28/07/2020 to 25/10/2020).

²The quarterly (90 day) five year rolling mean is the average of 5 intervals of 90 days up to 25/10/2020. The ratio is the notification activity in the past quarter (90 days) compared with the five year rolling mean for the same period.

³The past year (365 day) surveillance period includes the date range (27/10/2019 to 25/10/2020).

⁴The yearly (365 day) five year rolling mean is the average of 5 intervals of 365 days up to 25/10/2020. The ratio is the notification activity in the past year (365 days) compared with the five year rolling mean for the same period.

The five year rolling mean and the ratio of notifications compared with the five year rolling mean should be interpreted with caution. Changes in surveillance practice, diagnostic techniques and reporting may contribute to increases or decreases in the total notifications received over a five year period. Ratios are to be taken as a crude measure of current disease activity and may reflect changes in reporting rather than changes in disease activity.

AD										Notification received date												
ADT FN21/2020			State or Territory								Totals for Australia				Historical 90 Day Period				Historical Yearly Period			
Disease group	Disease name	se code	ACT	1SW	Ł	Qld	SA.				This reporting	Previous	Same reporting	Current year	Book Overster	Quarterly	Patio part	Exceeds	Doot Your	Yearly rolling	Patio past	Exceeds
								Tas	Vic	WA	period	reporting Period	period last	YTD	Past Quarter	rolling	Ratio past quarter/5	quarterly rolling	Past Year	5 year mean	Ratio past year/5 year	yearly rolling
		Disea	Ì								10/10/2020	26/09/2020	year 10/10/2019	01/01/2020	28/07/2020	5 year mean	year mean*	mean +2 SD bv	26/10/2019	26/10/2014	mean*	mean +2 SD by
											25/10/2020	11/10/2020	25/10/2019	25/10/2020	25/10/2020			,	25/10/2020	25/10/2019		
Bloodborne diseases	Hepatitis B (newly acquired) Hepatitis B (unspecified)	039 052	- 3	- 78	-	33	- 3	-	27	30	174	2 164	9 288		15 1,174	35.8 1,516.6	0.4 0.8	-	4,996	152.8 6,042.8	0.7 0.8	-
	Hepatitis C (newly acquired)	040	-	1	-	18	-	-	-	-	19	25	50		149	181.0	0.8	-	745	706.2	1.1	-
	Hepatitis C (unspecified) Hepatitis D	053 050	- 9	104 3	- 4	72 1	- 5	- 8	47 1	39 -	288 5	268 3	366 7	-	1,798 27	2,343.8 19.8	0.8 1.4	-	7,374 68	9,876.6 68.0	0.7 1.0	-
Gastrointestinal diseases	Botulism	045	-	-	- 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.4	-	-	1.4	-	-
	Campylobacteriosis Cryptosporidiosis	005 061	- 44	468 6	10	326 10	184 10		195 11	128 6	1,379 48	1,224 54	2,014 97	24,253 2,220	7,346 254	6,957.4 488.4	1.1 0.5	-	31,684 2,745	28,145.2 3,943.0	1.1 0.7	-
	Haemolytic uraemic syndrome (HUS)	055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2		5 7	4.0	1.3	-	15	16.0	0.9	-
	Hepatitis A Hepatitis E	038 051	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	- 1	13		2	48.8 9.0	0.1 0.2	-	136 39	243.8 45.6	0.6 0.9	-
	Listeriosis	018	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1		10	15.0	0.7	-	39	72.0	0.5	-
	Paratyphoid STEC	080 054	-	- 4	-	- 2	7	-	- 2	- 3	- 18	- 19	2 48		100	11.8 97.6	1.0	-	61 603	81.8 408.4	0.7 1.5	-
	Salmonellosis Shirallosis	030	1	69	19	75 8	36		51	60	316	261	678	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,552	2,704.6	0.6	-	13,048 2,049	16,154.4 1,903.2	0.8	-
	Shigellosis Typhoid Fever	031 035	-	- 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	24 -	30	139	-	181	478.0 27.8	0.4 0.1	-	2,049	1,903.2	1.1 0.8	-
Quarantinable diseases	Avian influenza in humans (AIH)	076	- 1	- 117	-	-	- 15	-	- 70	-	-	- 269	-	27,589	12,396	-		12,200,0	- 27 500	-		27,589.0
	COVID-19 Cholera	081	-	117 -	-	-	15 -	-	78 -	65 -	283	- 269	-	- 27,589	- 12,396	0.4	-	12,396.0 -	27,589 -	1.4	-	- 27,589.0
	MERS-CoV	079 025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Plague Rabies	028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)	071 069	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Smallpox Viral haemorrhagic fever (NEC)	036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Yellow fever	041	- C1	- 1 205	- 75	- 989	- 244	- 54	- 21	-	- 2.140	- 2,741	- 4.400	- (1 227	17.015	23,613.8	0.0	-	- 76 425	98,435.0	0.0	-
Sexually transmissible infections	Chlamydial infection Donovanosis	007 010	- 61	1,205 -	75 -	- 989	-	- 54	- 31	490	3,149	- 2,741	4,409	61,337	17,815	23,613.8	0.8	-	76,435 -	98,435.0	0.8	-
	Gonococcal infection	011 066	6	417 29	52	240 30	72 3		76 27	151 32	1,017 128	1,023	1,609 288	25,008 4,159	6,526 1,084	6,613.6 1,111.6	1.0 1.0	-	30,978	26,579.8 4,169.6	1.2 1.2	-
	Syphilis < 2 years Syphilis > 2 years or unspecified duration	067	1	6	2	8	1		26	6	50	160 57	111	1,715	433	541.6	0.8	-	5,206 2,129	2,159.8	1.0	-
	Syphilis congenital Diphtheria	047 009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	- 1	13	4	2.6	1.5 0.5	-	16 7	5.8 7.2	2.8	6.4
Vaccine preventable diseases	Haemophilus influenzae type b	012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	16	5	4.2	1.2	-	18	19.0	0.9	-
	Influenza (laboratory confirmed)	062 021	1	3	1	2	1	-	1	2	11	23	4,190 32		273	96,161.8 35.6	0.0	-	30,940 76	162,009.4 123.8	0.2 0.6	-
	Measles Mumps	043	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	- 2			15	148.6	0.1	-	178	612.6	0.8	-
	Pertussis Pneumococcal disease (invasive)	024 065	-	2	-	1 9	2 5	1	4	10	11 34	17 43	520 113	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	159 283	4,150.4 665.2	0.0	-	6,048 1,261	16,150.4 1,859.4	0.4 0.7	-
	Poliovirus infection	026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-		0.7	-
	Rotavirus Rubella	077 029	1	9	2	9	8	3	NN -	5	42	48	537 1	-	252	1,773.4 2.8	0.1	-	3,596	4,412.4 15.8	0.8	-
	Rubella congenital	046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	0.2	-	-
	Tetanus Varicella zoster (chickenpox)	033 073	- 8	- NN	- 3	- 1	- 18	- 1	10	- 27	- 68	72	227	2,106	597	0.8 1,060.6	1.3 0.6	-	3,023	4.0 3,449.4	0.8	-
	Varicella zoster (shingles)	074	25	NN	12	1	108	14	42	58	260	356	853	12,296	3,035	2,633.8	1.2	-	15,423	10,082.2	1.5	-
	Varicella zoster (unspecified) Barmah Forest virus infection	075 048	- 4	NN 6	- 4	476 14	42	_	1	158 1	708 22	834 20	558 8		4,042 137	3,420.2 65.2	1.2 2.1	32.3	12,721 672	14,334.2 408.2	0.9 1.6	-
Vectorborne diseases	Chikungunya virus infection	078	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	38	2	22.8	0.1	-	60	95.2	0.6	-
	Dengue virus infection Flavivirus infection (unspecified)	003 001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	- 1	52 1		1 2	260.6 7.8	0.0	-	430 10	1,498.2 32.6	0.3	-
	Japanese encephalitis virus infection	059	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	0.4	-	-	2	1.2	1.7	-
	Malaria Murray Valley encephalitis virus infection	020 049	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 3	15	155	13	89.4	0.1	-	228	335.0 0.6	0.7	-
	Ross River virus infection	002	-	17	2	39	2	-	1	21	82	61	107	5,600	420	558.6	0.8	-	5,888	5,466.8	1.1	-
Zoonoses	West Nile/Kunjin virus infection Anthrax	060 058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	1 -	1.4	0.7	-
	Australian bat lyssavirus infection	063	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Brucellosis Leptospirosis	004 017	-	1	-	- 5	-	-	-	- 1	1 5	- 5	3	16 79	4 16	4.8 20.6	0.8	-	19 90	19.0 113.4	1.0 0.8	-
	Lyssavirus infection (NEC)	064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
	Ornithosis Q fever	023 027	-	1	-	1 8	- 1	-	2	- 1	4 14	3 13	2 31		11 81	5.0 135.6	2.2 0.6	1.8	38 494	20.2 543.0	1.9 0.9	7.3
	Tularaemia	070	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2	-	0.3	2.0
Other bacterial infections	Legionellosis Leprosy	015 016	-	6	_ 1	1	1	-	- 4	- 4	17	24	18 2		94	91.8 3.8	1.0 0.3	-	503 4	399.0 12.2	1.3 0.3	28.0
	Meningococcal disease (invasive)	022	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	7	3	10	76	19	92.6	0.2	-	103	262.4	0.4	-
	Tuberculosis	034	1 166	26 2,603	- 199	9 2,400	772		17 657	14 1,316	69 8,260	61 7,895	88 17,516		399 60,743	365.2	1.1	-	1,534 289,556	1,400.0	1.1	-
Footnotes:			100	2,603	199	۷,400	112	142	65/	1,316	8,260	7,895	17,516	231,556	60,743				289,556			

Footnotes:

* Ratio of the 90 day prior surveillance period to the past 90 day 5 year rolling mean, or ratio of the year period prior surveillance period to the year period 5 year rolling mean.

NN = Not Notifiable, NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified

The data in this report are reliant on the provision of data from states and territories to the Australian Government Department of Health. Backlogs in notifications at the state or territory level may contribute to delays in reporting to the NNDSS. Notifications for some high volume conditions are only uploaded quarterly by some jurisdictions, which can result in apparent large variability over time. The NNDSS is a dynamic dataset, with data in this report representing data available on (28/10/2020). Data in this report are subject to retrospective revision and may vary from data reported in published NNDSS reports and reports of notification data by states and territories.