Maintain. Monitor and Report

Targeted Adjustments Needed Harder, Wider, Different Response

No Associated Threshold

# **Common Operating Picture**

COVIDSAFE

|   | National           | ACT             | NSW                | NT              | Qld             | SA              | Tas             | Vic             | WA              |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| New community cases (not already in quarantine) in the past 7 days compared with the prior week   | 2 0                | 0 0             | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0   0           | 0   0           | 2   0           |
| New community cases (already in quarantine) in the past 7 days compared with the prior week <sup>1</sup>  | 1   2              | 0 0             | 0   2              | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0   0           | 1   0           | 0   0           |
| Percent of overseas acquired cases among international air arrivals in the past 7 days compared with the prior week <sup>2</sup>  | 0.55%   0.70%      | 0.00%   0.00%   | 0.57%   0.55%      | 15.56%   5.84%  | 0.32%   0.21%   | 2.66%   2.98%   | 0.00%   0.00%   | 0.19%   0.36%   | 0.84%   0.79%   |
| Days since the last community case was notified <sup>3</sup>  | 5                  | 294             | 13                 | 302             | 18              | 127             | 261             | 5               | 5               |
| Regional and remote cases in the past 7 days compared to the prior week   | 0   0              | 0 0             | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0   0           | 0   0           | 0   0           |
| R <sub>eff</sub> – Effective reproductive number – where there are more than 20 local cases in the past 7 days*   | <20 cases          | <20 cases       | <20 cases          | <20 cases       | <20 cases       | <20 cases       | <20 cases       | <20 cases       | <20 cases       |
| Tests (sum) in the past 7 days compared to the weekly mean of previous month  | 307k   288k        | 2.3k   3.2k     | 67k   69k          | 6.6k   6.3k     | 33k   77k       | 22k   21k       | 4.2k   4.6k     | 103k   89k      | 67k   17k       |
| % positive in the past 7 days   | 0.06%              | 0.04%           | 0.09%              | 0.42%           | 0.11%           | 0.09%           | 0.00%           | 0.01%           | 0.02%           |
| Mean tests per 1,000 population per day in the past 7 days  | 1.7                | 0.8             | 1.2                | 3.8             | 0.9             | 1.8             | 1.1             | 2.2             | 3.6             |
| Number of cases reported in residents in RACFs in the past 7 days compared to the week prior  Number of cases reported in staff in RACFs past 7 days compared to the week prior         | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           |
|   | 0   0              | 0 0             | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0   0           | 0 0             | 0   0           |
| New community cases among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples in the past 7 days compared to the week prior <sup>4</sup>  | 0   0              | 0 0             | 0 0                | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           | 0 0             | 0 0             | 0   0           |
| Percent of community cases informed of result within 24 hours (1 day) from specimen collection <sup>5</sup>   | No cases           | No cases        | No cases           | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        |
| Percent of close contacts of community cases notified to quarantine within 48hrs (2 days) of case specimen collection <sup>6</sup>  | No cases           | No cases        | No cases           | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        | No cases        |
| Public health workforce status including own surge capacity (Qualitative measure: within capacity, or receiving support)  | Within<br>Capacity | Within capacity | Within<br>Capacity | Within capacity |
| ICU due to COVID-19   | 2 (<1%)            | 0 (0%)          | 1 (<1%)            | 0 (0%)          | 0 (0%)          | 0 (0%)          | 0 (0%)          | 0 (0%)          | 1 (1%)          |
| ICU capacity  | 1772               | 39              | 727                | 10              | 319             | 73              | 44              | 437             | 123             |
| Modelled state-wide transmission - based on current settings and behaviours*  | Not applicable     | 1.88            | 1.50               | 2.07            | 1.50            | 1.73            | 1.61            | 1.37            | 1.75            |
| Modelled state-wide transmission potential of SARS-CoV-2 variants of concern – based on current settings and behaviours and accounting for estimated transmissibility of VOC B.1.1.7. * | Not applicable     | 2.54            | 2.02               | 2.75            | 1.83            | 2.49            | 2.27            | 1.93            | 2.41            |

<sup>1.</sup> Cases diagnosed when in quarantine are a sign of effective public health response noting that some cases may have been infectious in community prior to entering quarantine.

Data presented are as at 29 April 2021

'\*' Data presented are as at 18 April 2021

<sup>2.</sup> The proportion of overseas acquired cases among international arrivals requires cautious interpretation, especially in jurisdictions with only occasional international air arrivals. There may be a delay of up to 14 days between the date of flight arrival for a passenger and the date that the passenger tests positive as a case.

<sup>3.</sup> Includes cases that were locally acquired within the jurisdiction and cases that acquired their infection interstate but were detected in the reporting jurisdiction.

<sup>4.</sup> Interpret with caution. High risk cases can occur in both urban or rural/remote settings. Jurisdictions will determine level of risk based on individual risk assessments.

<sup>5.</sup> Cases informed of result require manual reporting and measure multiple metrics (specimen to laboratory, laboratory turnaround time, public health/laboratory/clinician to case time).

Close contacts as defined in the SoNG but not including large venue attendees.

#### Traffic light classification for cases

| Metric  | Green   | Amber   | Red  | Rationale  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| New community cases (not in<br>quarantine) in the past 7 days<br>compared to the week prior<br>(community cases who are not<br>in quarantine at the time of<br>positive test collection)                  | <50 cases per day     nationally, limited     geographic spread     Rate of <0.2/100,000     population per week     calculated into number per     week for each state | 50 – 100 cases per day nationally     Rate 0.2 – 0.4/100,000 population per week calculated into number per week for each state | >100 cases per day nationally     Rate >0.4/100,000 population per week calculated into number per week for each state | Managing a very small number of new COVID-19 infections is possible, however as numbers increase, intervention is required to ensure new cases do not outstrip testing, tracing and health system capacity. Any new community case is concerning |
| New community cases <u>in</u><br><u>quarantine</u> in the past 7 days<br>compared with prior week <sup>1</sup><br>(community cases who are in<br>quarantine at time of first<br>positive test collection) | 80-100% of all community cases are in quarantine     If <10 cases, the number of cases are reported and the indicator is green  | 50-79% of all community<br>cases are in quarantine  | Less than 50% of all<br>community cases are in<br>quarantine   | A higher percentage of community cases who are already in quarantine at diagnosis is a sign of good public health response.  |
| New overseas acquired cases -<br>notified in the past 7 days.<br>Percent of cases / air travellers<br>per week  | • <1%   | • 1-2%  | • >2%  | Seeding of cases is more likely with a higher rate of importation. The rate is lower than community cases because arrivals are in supervised quarantine.   |
| Days since last community case notified (where the case was not in quarantine at time of positive test collection. Only reported when disease prevalence is low) <sup>2</sup>                             | • NA  | • NA  | • NA   | Australia is pursuing a strategy of suppression, with the goal of 'no community transmission'.   |
| Regional and remote cases in the past 7 days compared to the week prior (Based on ABS area classification mechanism. Includes very remote, remote, and outer regional postcodes)                          | <0.04/100,000 population<br>per week (Represents <10<br>cases nationally)   | 0.04-0.06/100,000<br>population per week<br>(Represents <10 cases<br>nationally)  | >0.06/100,000 population<br>per week (Represents >=10<br>cases nationally)   | Threat of outbreak – outbreak is extending and covering a greater geographical area.  Health system capacity – regional communities have a large proportion of elderly and vulnerable people and less health care resources.                     |
| IF regional and remote cases occur, they will be separated into 'identified in quarantine' or 'not in quarantine' (will be two separate lines)  | • N/A   | • N/A   | Any case will be red   | Threat of outbreak – outbreak is extending and covering a greater geographical area.  Health system capacity – regional communities have a large proportion of elderly and vulnerable people and less health care resources.                     |
| Reff – Effective reproductive<br>number – where there are<br>more than 20 cases in the past<br>7 days   | <20% probability that Reff is >1  | 20% - 49% probability that Reff is > 1  | 50% probability that Reff is >1  | In areas with active cases, an Reff greater than one indicates unlikely to control/decrease new case numbers. This means the outbreak is expected to continue to grow.   |

#### Reference numbers by state and territory by rate

| Application                               |                  | Australia  | ACT     | NSW       | NT      | Qld       | SA        | Tas     | Vic       | WA        |
|---|------------------|------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| nal<br>te<br>d                            | rate 100,000 day | 0.04       | 0.04    | 0.04      | 0.04    | 0.04      | 0.04      | 0.04    | 0.04      | 0.04      |
| egio<br>emo<br>s an<br>seas               | Number Week      | 71         | 1       | 23        | 1       | 14        | 5         | 1       | 19        | 7         |
| er rases                                  | rate 100,000 day | 0.06       | 0.06    | 0.06      | 0.06    | 0.06      | 0.06      | 0.06    | 0.06      | 0.06      |
| Oute<br>an<br>ca<br>o                     | Number Week      | 107        | 2       | 34        | 1       | 21        | 7         | 2       | 28        | 11        |
| e) ir t                                   | rate 100,000 day | 0.2        | 0.2     | 0.2       | 0.2     | 0.2       | 0.2       | 0.2     | 0.2       | 0.2       |
| Community<br>cases (not in<br>quarantine) | Number Week      | 356        | 6       | 114       | 3       | 72        | 25        | 7       | 93        | 37        |
| omn<br>ses<br>Jara                        | rate 100,000 day | 0.4        | 0.4     | 0.4       | 0.4     | 0.4       | 0.4       | 0.4     | 0.4       | 0.4       |
| ठ हुँ ह                                   | Number Week      | 713        | 12      | 227       | 7       | 143       | 49        | 15      | 186       | 74        |
|   | Population       | 25,464,116 | 428,100 | 8,118,000 | 245,600 | 5,115,500 | 1,756,500 | 535,500 | 6,629,900 | 2,630,600 |

## Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Reference numbers by state and territory by rate\*

|            | Australia | ACT   | NSW     | NT     | Qld     | SA     | Tas    | Vic    | WA      |
|------------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Green      | 0         | 0     | 0       | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Amber      | 1-21      | NA    | 1-7     | 1      | 1-6     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1-2     |
| Red        | >21       | ≥1    | >7      | >1     | >6      | >1     | >1     | >1     | >2      |
| Population | 798,365   | 7,513 | 265,685 | 74,546 | 221,276 | 42,265 | 28,537 | 57,767 | 100,512 |

2016 Census Data.

## **Traffic light classification for testing**

| Metric   | Green  | Amber                    | Red              | Rationale  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Tests (sum) in the past 7 days<br>compared to the week prior     | No indicators Declines in testing rates (*), especially where there is no community transmission, should be interpreted with caution. Testing recommendations currently advise and prioritise testing of anyone with acute respiratory illness (ARI) symptoms; if community rates of ARI are low this will affect the number of people presenting for testing. |                          |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| % positive in the past 7 days                                    | % positive <0.25%.   | % positive 0.25% to 0.5% | % positive >0.5% | Assuming testing rates remain high and well distributed, amber or red indicate that the incidence of COVID-19 in the community is increasing and intervention could be required. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean tests per 1,000<br>population per day in the past<br>7 days | No indicators  |                          |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Traffic light classification for cases in priority populations

| Metric  | Green | Amber  | Red  | Rationale   |
|---|-------|--|--|---|
| Number of cases reported in residents in RACFs in the past 7 days compared to the week prior  | Zero  | N/A  | ≥ 1 case in residents  | Residents within aged care facilities are particularly vulnerable to COVID-19. Any number of active resident cases should require concern.  |
| Number of cases reported in staff in RACFs in the past 7 days compared to the week prior  |       | 1 staff member   | >1 cases in staff members  | Aged care staff are in close contact with many aged care residents. An infectious staff member has the potential to transmit COVID-19 to a large number residents   |
| <u>IF CASES:</u> Number of RACFs in the<br>last 7 days newly declared with<br>an outbreak   | Zero  | N/A  | ≥ 1 facility with an outbreak  | Cases within aged care facilities are concerning, given residents are particularly vulnerable to COVID-19. Any number of facilities with an outbreak should require concern.                                    |
| IF CASES: Number of RACFs with<br>an ongoing outbreak in the past 7<br>days compared to the week prior  | Zero  | N/A  | ≥ 1 facility with an outbreak  | Cases within aged care facilities are concerning, given residents are particularly vulnerable to COVID-19. Any number of facilities with an outbreak should require concern.                                    |
| New community cases among<br>Aboriginal and Torres Strait<br>Islander peoples in the past 7<br>days compared to the week<br>prior <sup>3</sup>                          | Zero  | The number of cases in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people is not zero. The rate is ≤0.4/100,000 per day indigenous population calculated into number per week for each state | Rate >0.4/100,000 population per<br>day indigenous population<br>calculated into number per week<br>for each state | Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are considered a priority population See table for number per week   |
| IF CASES: Number of cases in<br>Aboriginal and Torres Strait<br>Islander peoples in rural and<br>remote communities in the past<br>7 days compared to the week<br>prior | Zero  | NA   | ≥1 case  | Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are considered a priority population. If there are any cases in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in rural or remote communities, this requires concern |

## **Traffic light classification for capacity**

| Metric                                | Green                          | Amber                              | Red                             | Rationale   |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
|                                       | Green.                         | All local                          |                                 | Nationale   |
| Percent of cases informed of          | ≥90%                           | 80-89%                             | <80%                            | Prompt result notification allows early identification of     |
| result within 24 hours (1 day)        |                                |                                    |                                 | contacts from cases, and ensures that cases are in            |
| from specimen collection <sup>4</sup> |                                |                                    |                                 | isolation   |
| Percent of close contacts notified    | ≥90%                           | 80-89%                             | <80%                            | Prompt notification of close contacts from the time the       |
| to quarantine within 48hrs (2         |                                |                                    |                                 | case was tested allows early quarantine                       |
| days) of case specimen                |                                |                                    |                                 |   |
| collection <sup>5</sup>               |                                |                                    |                                 |   |
| Public Health Workforce Status        | Within capacity                | N/A                                | 'Receiving support' for contact | Qualitative measure for this encompasses public health        |
| including own surge capacity          |                                |                                    | tracing and/or case management  | response  |
|                                       |                                |                                    |                                 |   |
|                                       |                                |                                    |                                 |   |
| ICU due to COVID-19 (pre-surge)       | <15% of available ICU beds are | 15 – 29% of available ICU beds are | > 30% ICU beds are COVID        | An indicator of when surge capacity is going to be            |
| DATA only reported if > 15% of        | COVID patients                 | COVID patients                     | patients                        | needed to support patients with COVID-19 in ICU.              |
| ICU beds are COVID cases              |                                |                                    | >30% ICU beds go to surge       |   |
| Transmission Potential                |                                |                                    |                                 | A state-wide transmission potential greater than 1            |
|                                       |                                |                                    |                                 | indicates the potential for the virus, if it were present, to |
|                                       |                                |                                    |                                 | establish and maintain community transmission.                |

- 1. Cases diagnosed when in quarantine are a sign of effective public health response noting that some cases may have been infectious in community prior to entering quarantine
- Includes cases that were locally acquired within the jurisdiction and cases that acquired their infection interstate but were detected in the reporting jurisdiction
- Interpret with caution. High risk cases can occur in both urban or rural/remote settings. Jurisdictions will determine level of risk based on individual risk assessments
   Cases informed of result require manual reporting and measure multiple metrics (specimen to laboratory, laboratory turnaround time, public health/laboratory/clinician to case time)
- Close contacts as defined in the SoNG but not including large venue attendees

#### **Data sources and additional resources**

The Communicable Diseases Network Australia (CDNA) and the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC) have informed the traffic light thresholds in the operating picture. Data are sourced from:

- the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS);
- the Critical Health Resource Information System;
- aged care facility report;
- International arrivals;
- modelling; and
- daily reports from state and territory health departments.

 $Most\ metrics\ use\ a\ rate\ or\ proportion\ rather\ than\ a\ raw\ number,\ to\ account\ for\ variability\ between\ state\ and\ territory\ populations.$ 

Due to the dynamic nature of jurisdictional daily reports and thus NNDSS data, data in this report are subject to retrospective revision and may vary from data reported in published NNDSS reports and reports of notification data by states and territories.

### **Additional resources**

Daily updates: https://www.health.gov.au/news/health-alerts/novel-coronavirus-2019-ncov-health-alert/coronavirus-covid-19-current-situation-and-case-numbers

Fortnightly epidemiology report: https://www1.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/novel coronavirus 2019 ncov weekly epidemiology reports australia 2020.htm