## Appendix 4: Example Zika virus infection case investigation form

(This page contains form/s that are intended to be paper based that you can download and complete. If you are using any assistive technology and are unable to use the form please contact us using the <u>Online</u> form and feedback)

Example Zika virus infection ca form	ase mage: CDC/Prof. Frank Hadley Collins, Dir., Cntr. for Global Health and Infectious Diseases, Univ. of Notre Dame
Form date Case notification ID	Case status <ul> <li>Probable</li> <li>Confirmed</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Non-Congenital</li> <li>Congenital</li> </ul>	
Symptoms         Fever Arthralgia         Myalgia         Headache         Retro-orbital pain         Non-purulent conjunctivitis/conjunctival hyperaemia         Maculopapular rash         Oedema in the lower limbs         No symptoms         Other	
Sequelae         Microcephaly (congenital cases only)         Ventriculomegaly (congenital cases only)         Calcifications (congenital cases only)         Abnormal sulcation and gyration (congenital cases only)         Brain atrophy         Callosal dygenesis (congenital cases only)         Microopthalmia (congenital cases only)         Eye calcifications (congenital cases only)         Guillain Barré Syndrome (within 2 months of onset only)         Fetal loss         No sequelae         Other	
Date sequelae recorded Date of hospital admission Number of days hospitalised	

Risk factors for infection		
Overseas travel in a Zika-recepti	ve area	
Overseas travel in a Zika-affected area		
Travel in north Queensland		
Sexual activity with person with confirmed/probable/suspected Zika		
Sexual activity with person with travel to a Zika-receptive area		
Mother suspected/probable/confirmed case (Congenital/perinatal cases only)		
No risk factors for infection identi	fied	
Transiting through an international a	irport (<24 hours stay, remaining within the airport) in a Zika-	
affected or Zika- receptive country is not considered to be a risk factor for infection.		
Epidemiological links	Epi-linked notifications IDs	
Mother (Congenital only)		
□ Sexual partner		
□ Travelling companion		
Overseas travel dates and destinations		
Potential for local vectorborne tra	nemiceion in Australia	
Potential for local vectorborne transmission in Australia		
Did the case spend any time in parts of Australia where vectorborne transmission could occur?		
Mara thay a		
Were they a:		
□ Long-term visitor (>2 weeks)		
□ Short-term visitor (<2 weeks)		
Date of arrival in Zika receptive ar	ea of Postcode(s) of residence/visit	
Australia		
Further details if required		