New Resident

Resident admitted as a permanent resident into an Australian Government funded Residential Aged Care Facility (RACF)

GP notified of admission by facility

Consultation with resident
GP discusses RMMR with resident and seeks the resident’s consent for the RMMR

Collaboration between GP and reviewing pharmacist
GP initiates the RMMR and collaborates with the reviewing pharmacist regarding the pharmacy component of the review.

Pharmacy component of RMMR
The pharmacist reviews the resident’s medication including prescription and non-prescription medicines.

Post review discussion between GP and pharmacist (unless exceptions apply)
GP and pharmacist discuss the outcomes of the pharmacist’s review and possible medication management strategy

Consultation with resident to gain agreement to the Medication Management Plan
GP discusses the outcomes of the review and proposed medication management strategy with resident and obtains agreement to the medication management plan.

Preparation of a written Medication Management Plan
GP finalises the medication management plan and puts it in writing.

The GP offers a copy of the written medication management plan to the resident and provides a copy for the resident’s medical record for use by the nursing staff of the aged care home and other members of the resident’s health care team. The GP may need to discuss the plan with the nursing staff of the aged care home if necessary.

Patient billed as per normal practice for other MBS items.

Existing Resident

Potential need for an RMMR identified
Potential need for an RMMR identified by GP, resident or other members of the resident’s care team because of a significant change in the resident’s medical condition and/or medication regime.

GP notified of potential need for an RMMR
(if need is identified by a person other than the GP)

Consultation with resident
GP assesses the resident to determine if there is a clinical need for an RMMR, and seeks the resident’s consent for an RMMR if an RMMR is necessary